

A metric to evaluate the closeness of the two colors



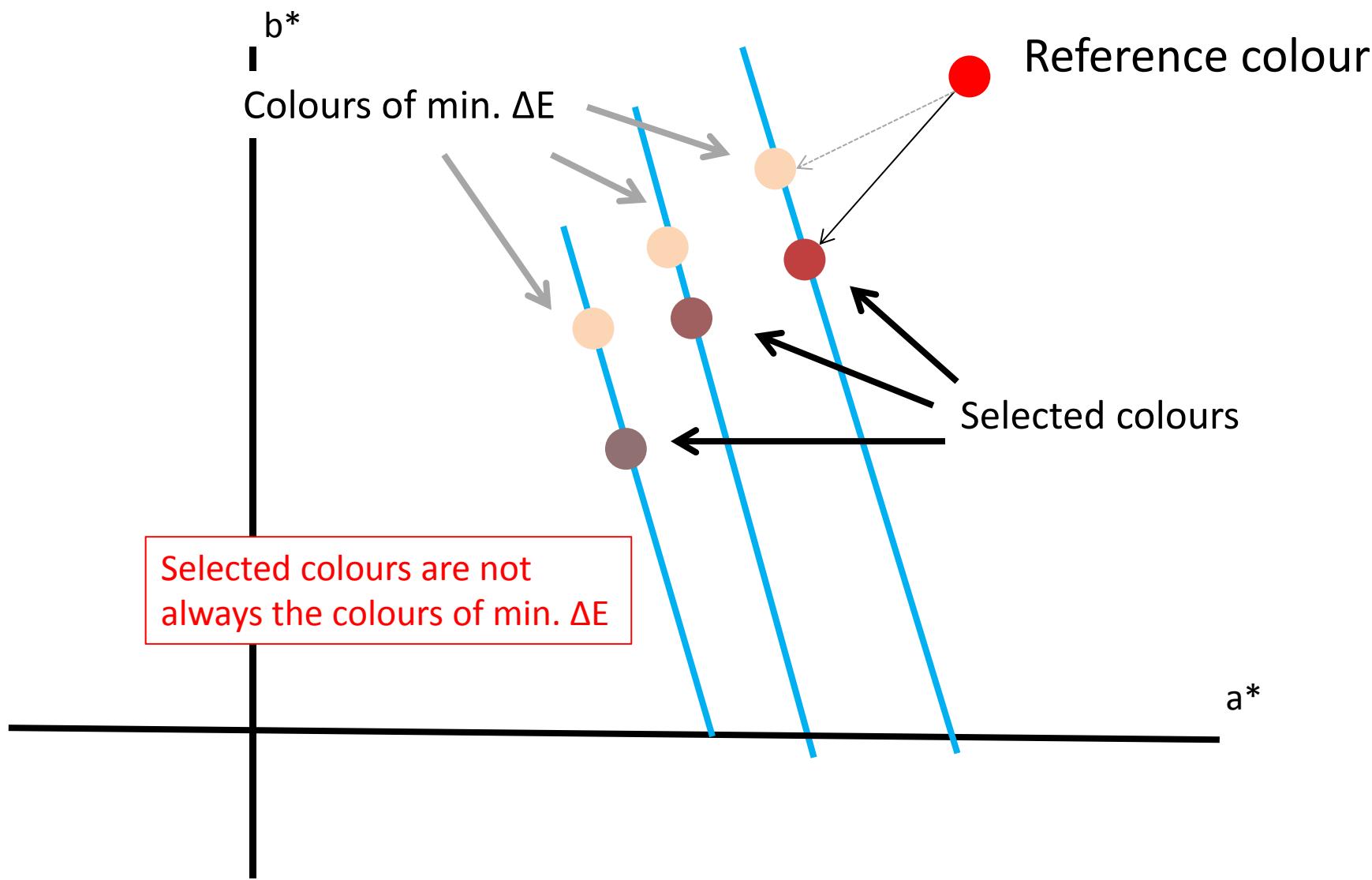
Yasuki Yamauchi
Yamagata University



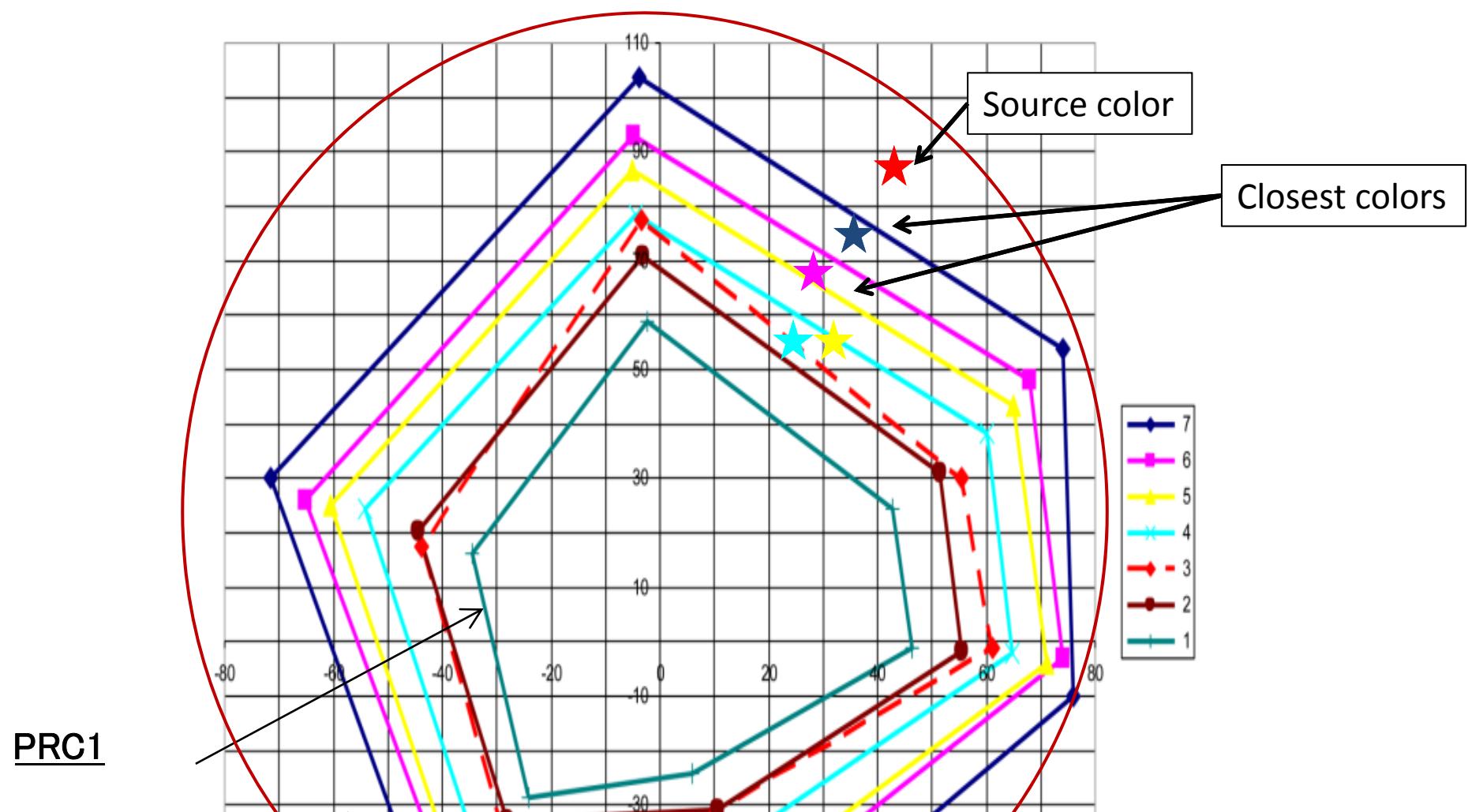


Color appearance should be consistent

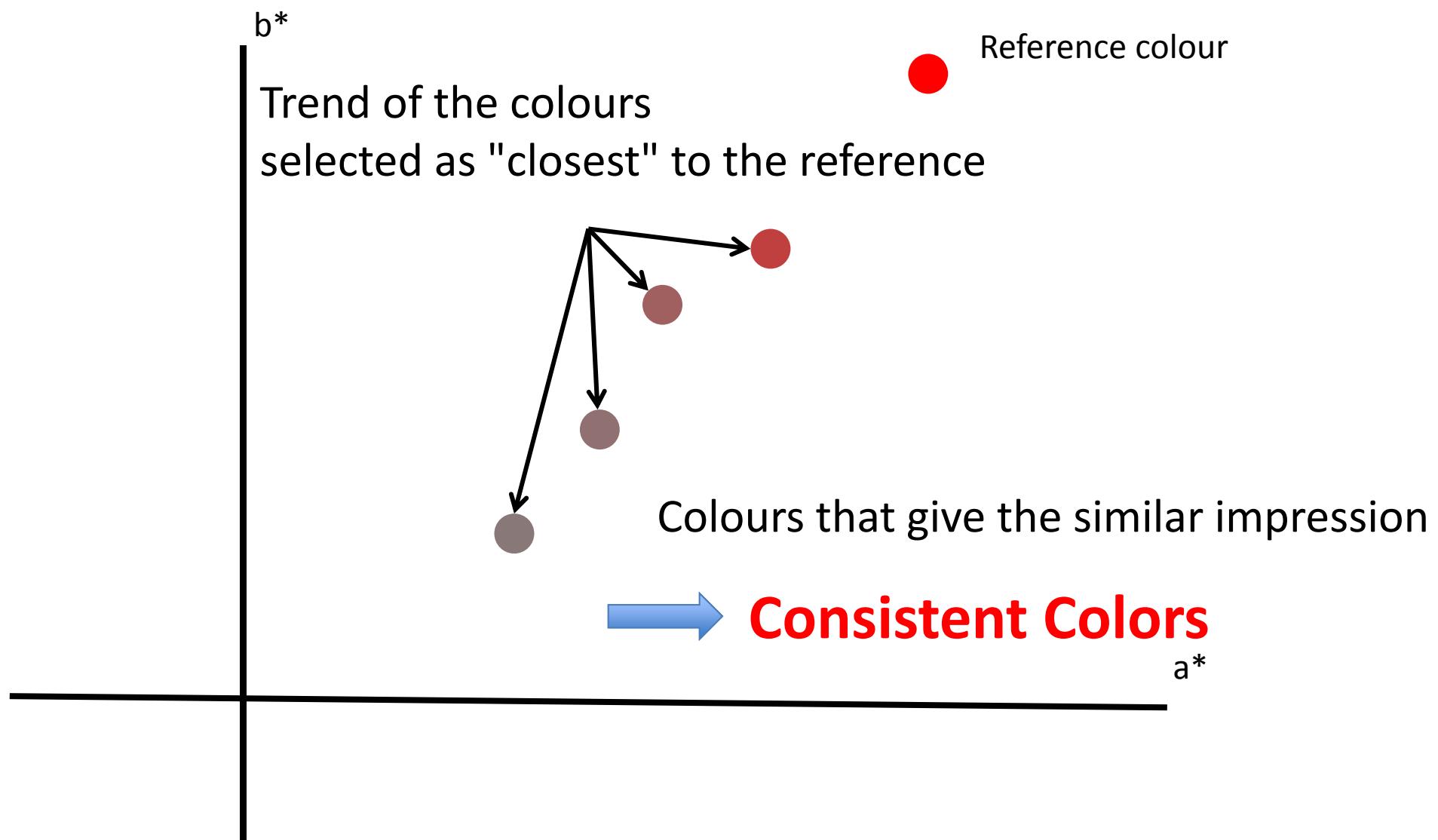
Task: "Find the closest colour on a line (e.g. equal saturation)"



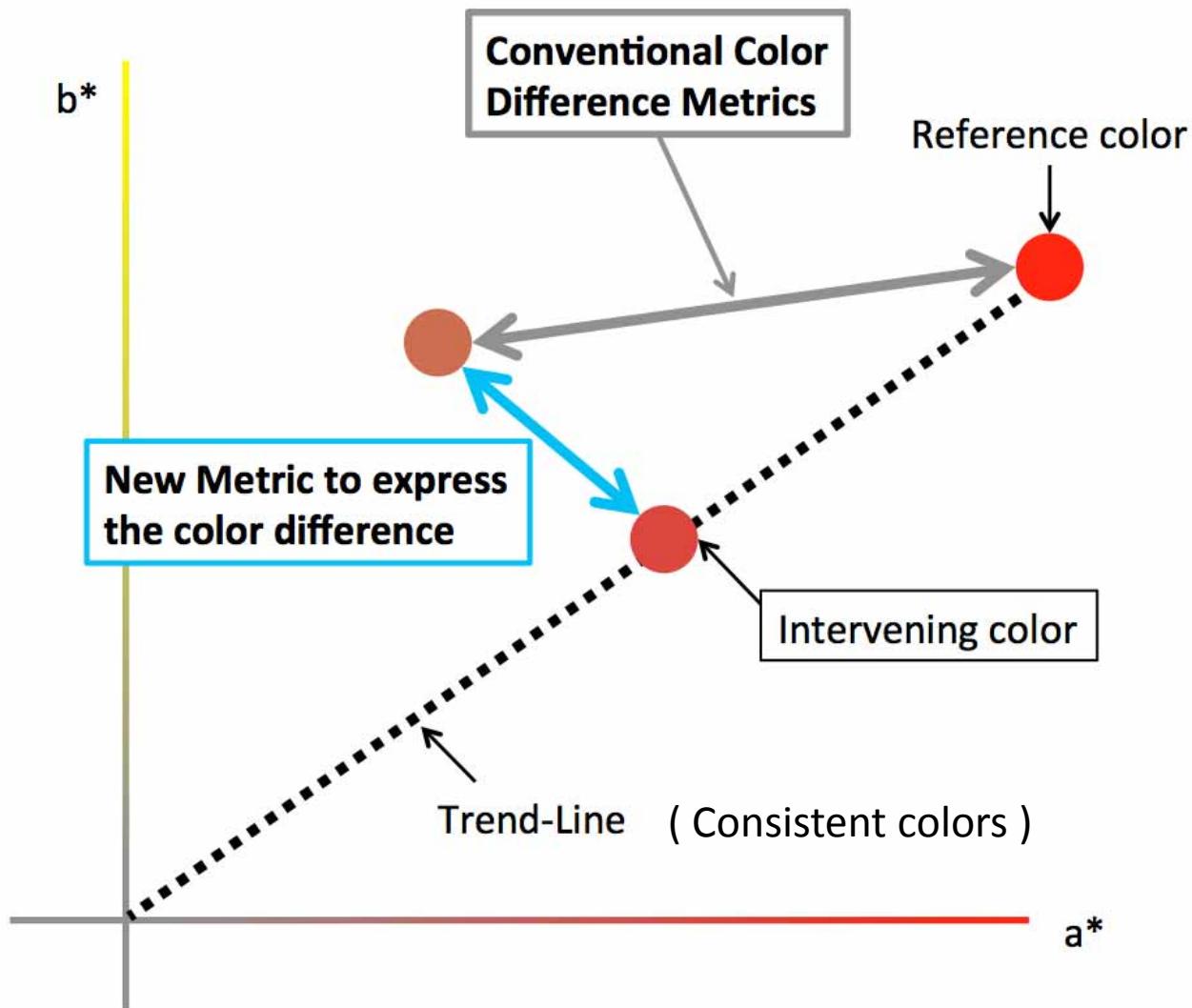
When we would like to map a source color to a color in a given gamut, we need to find the "corresponding" color (= perceptually equal).



After collecting several closest colours
of different gamuts:



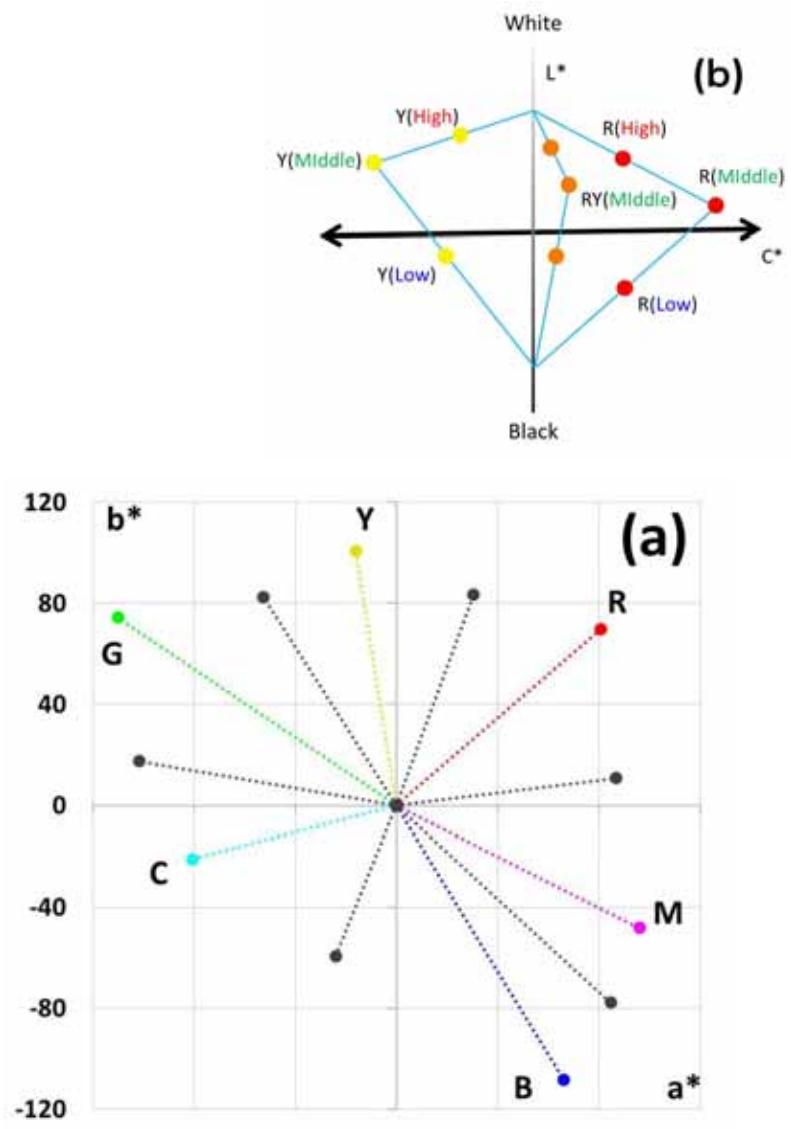
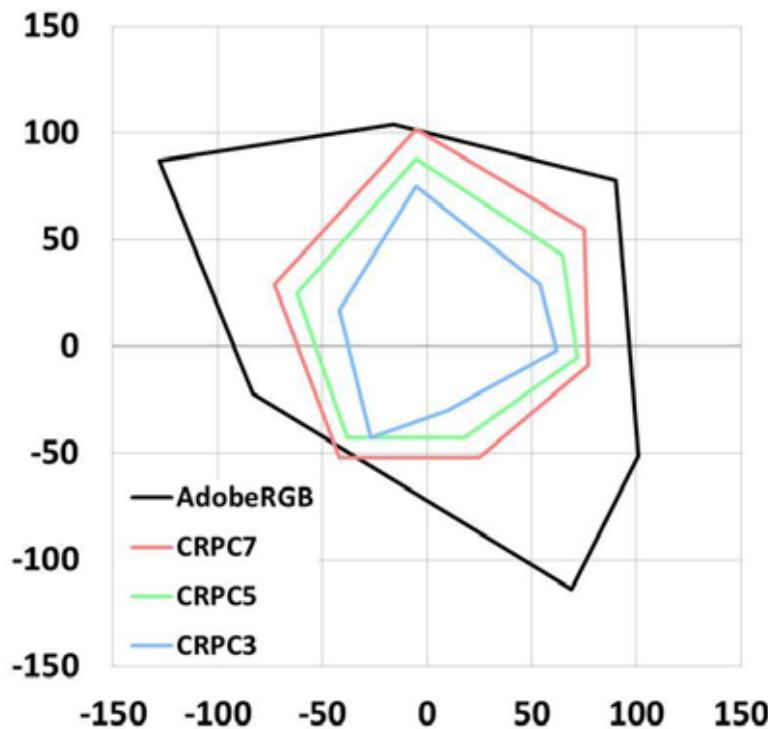
Concept of the color difference based on consistent color locus



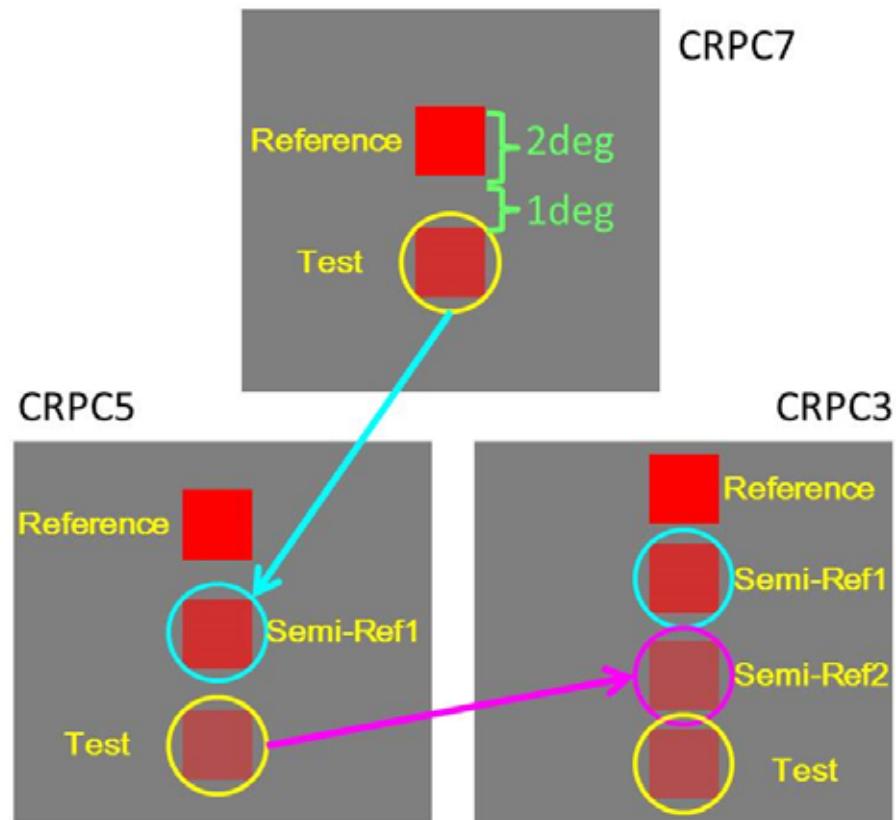
Step 1: Find the trend lines
(consistent color loci)

Step 2: Find the "closest color" of a test color
off trend-line on a trend-line

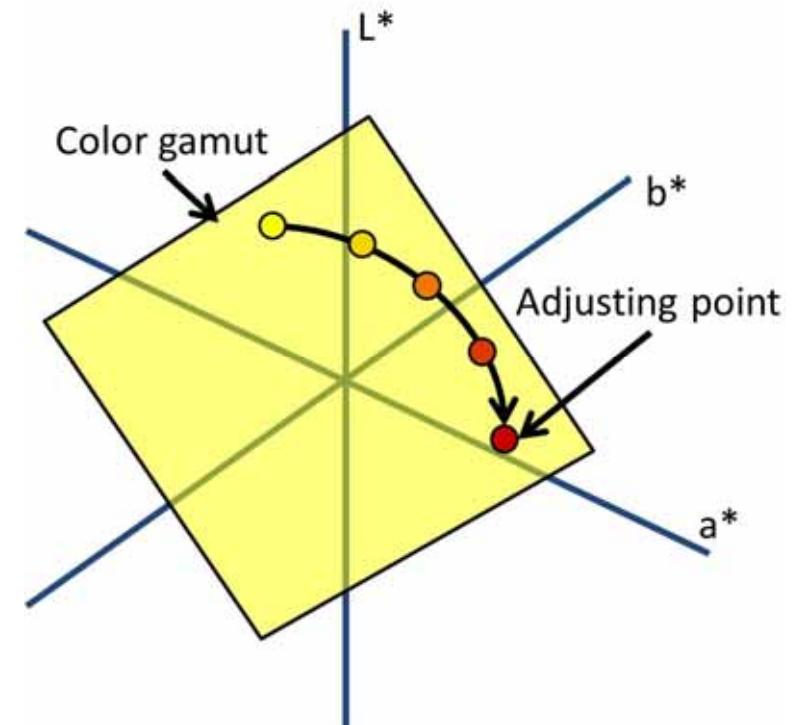
Experiment



12 target colors (references)

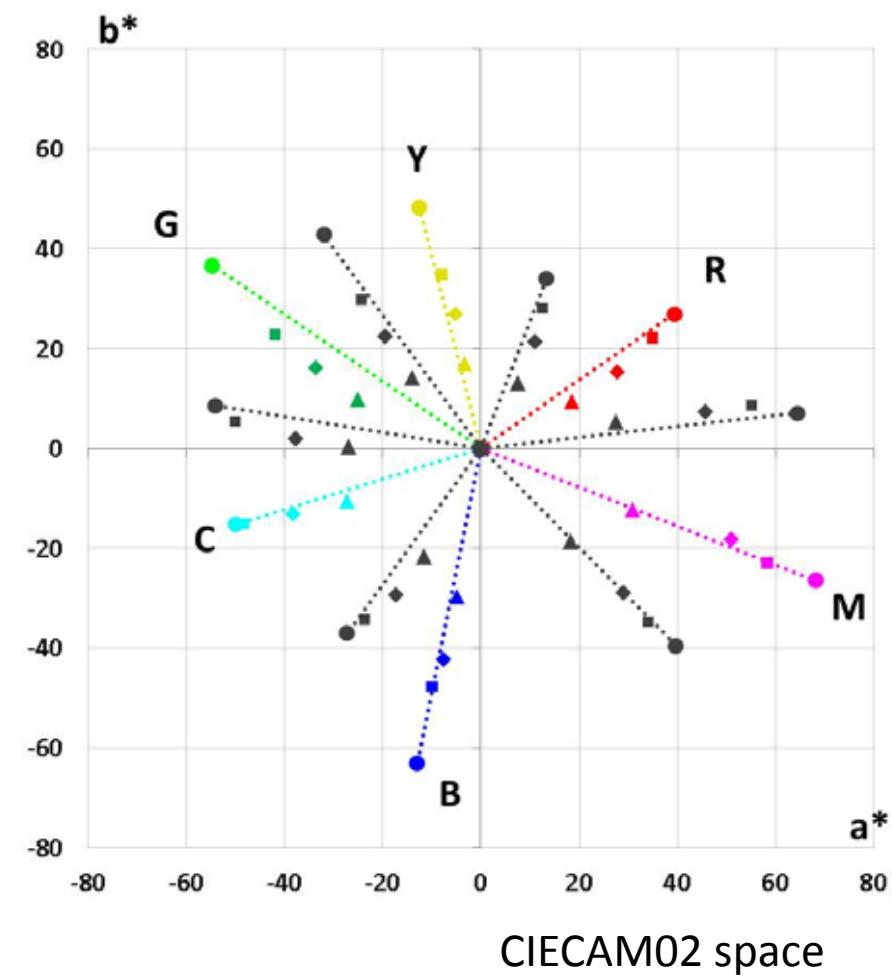
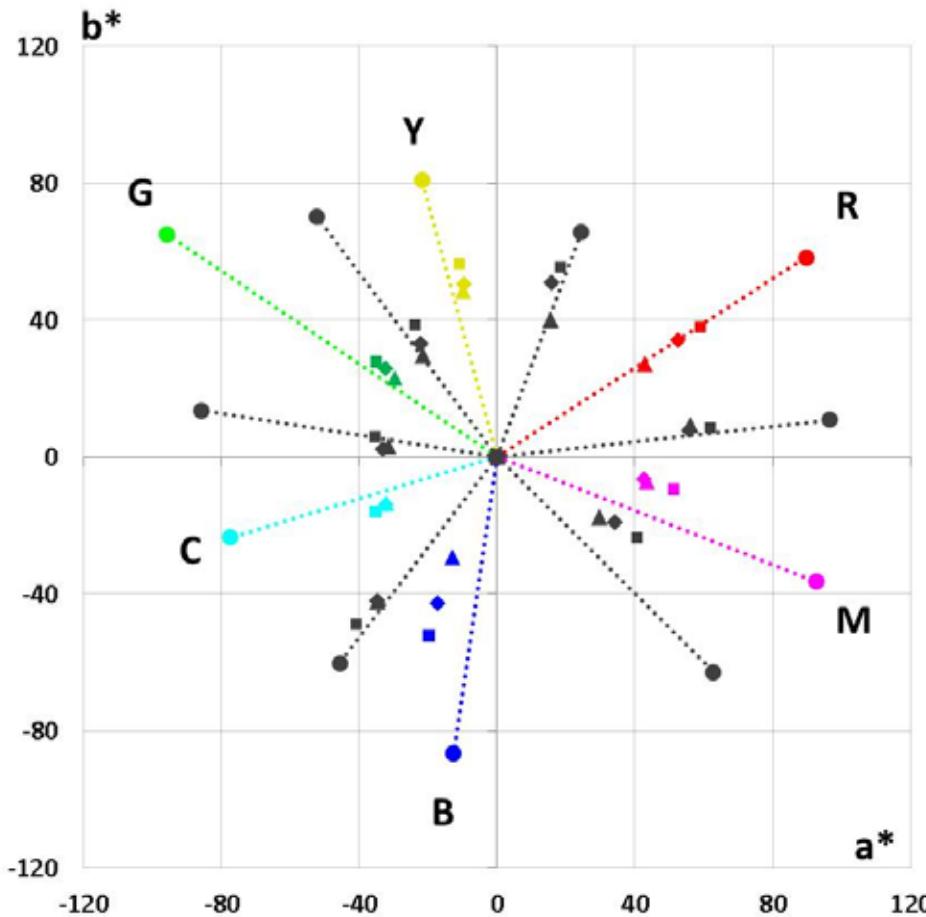


Configuration of the stimulus

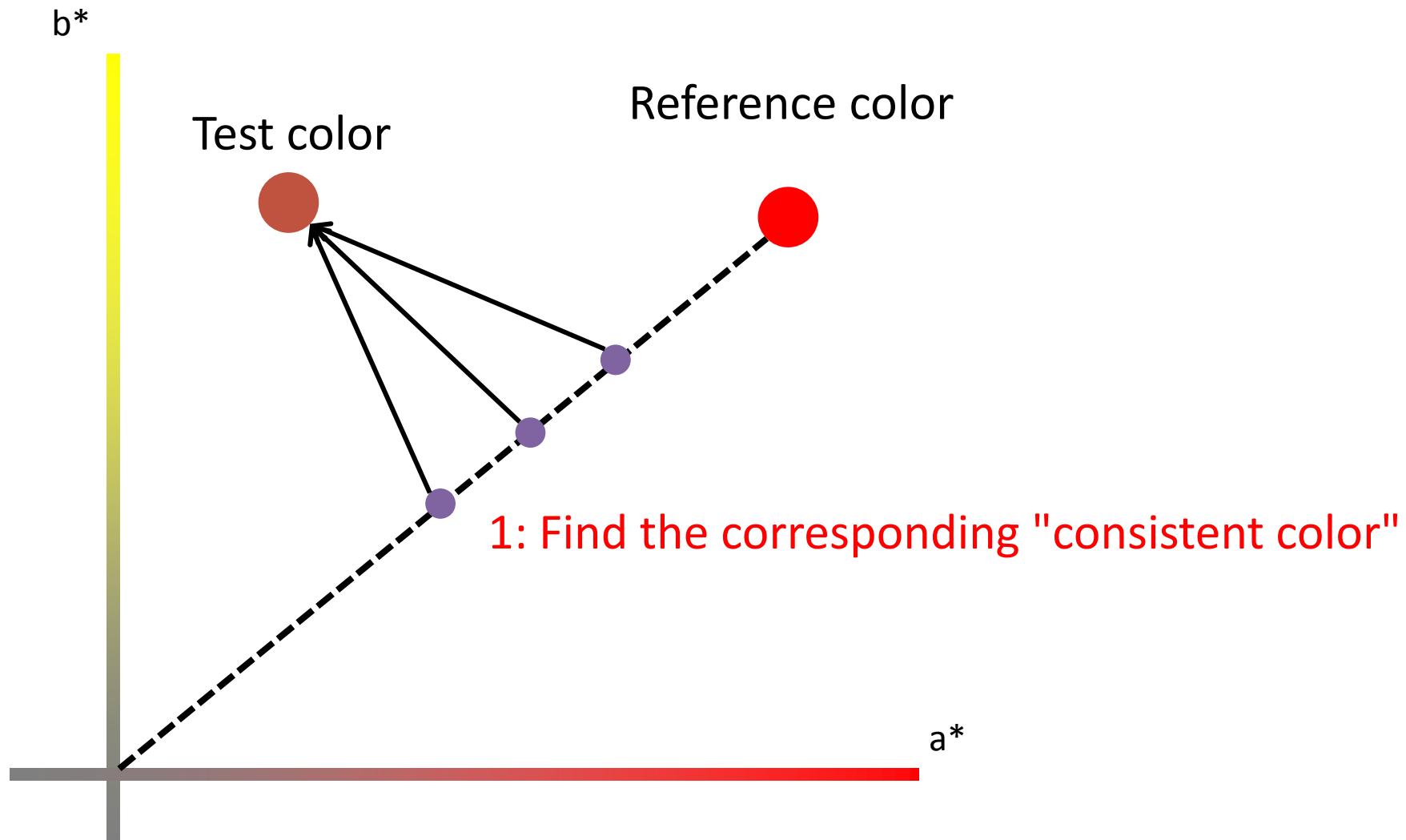


Test color changed along
the surface of a given gamut

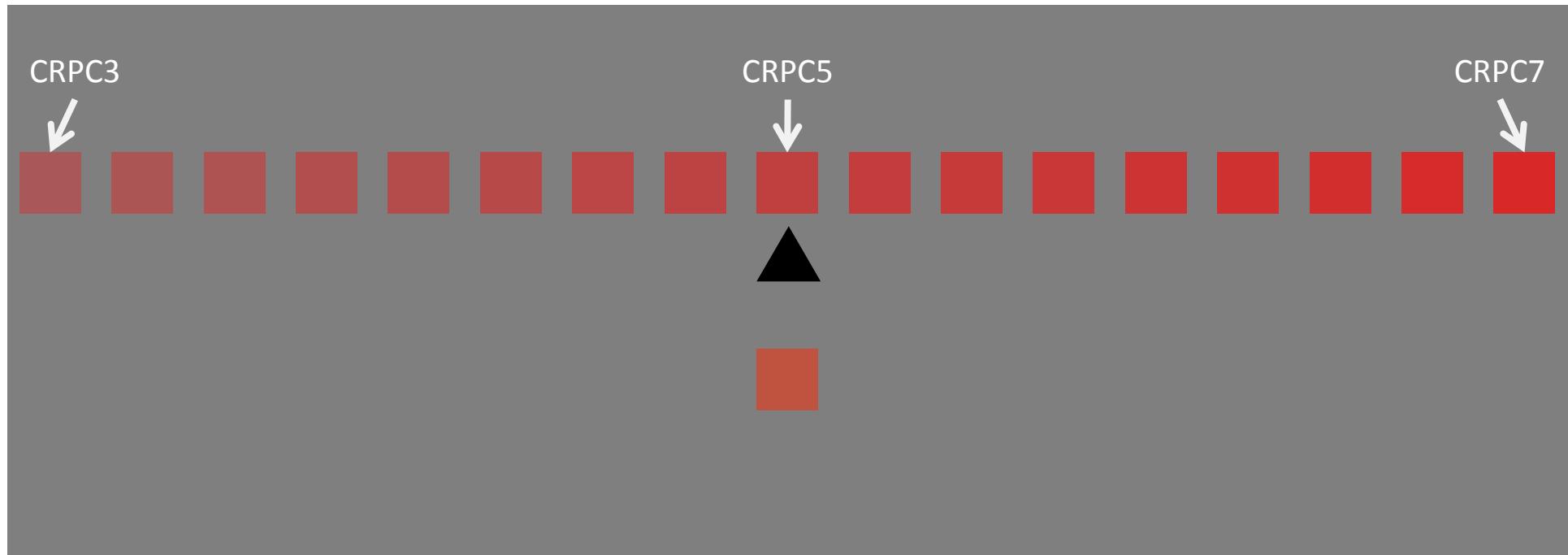
Consistent color loci (for CRPC7, CRPC5, and CRPC3)

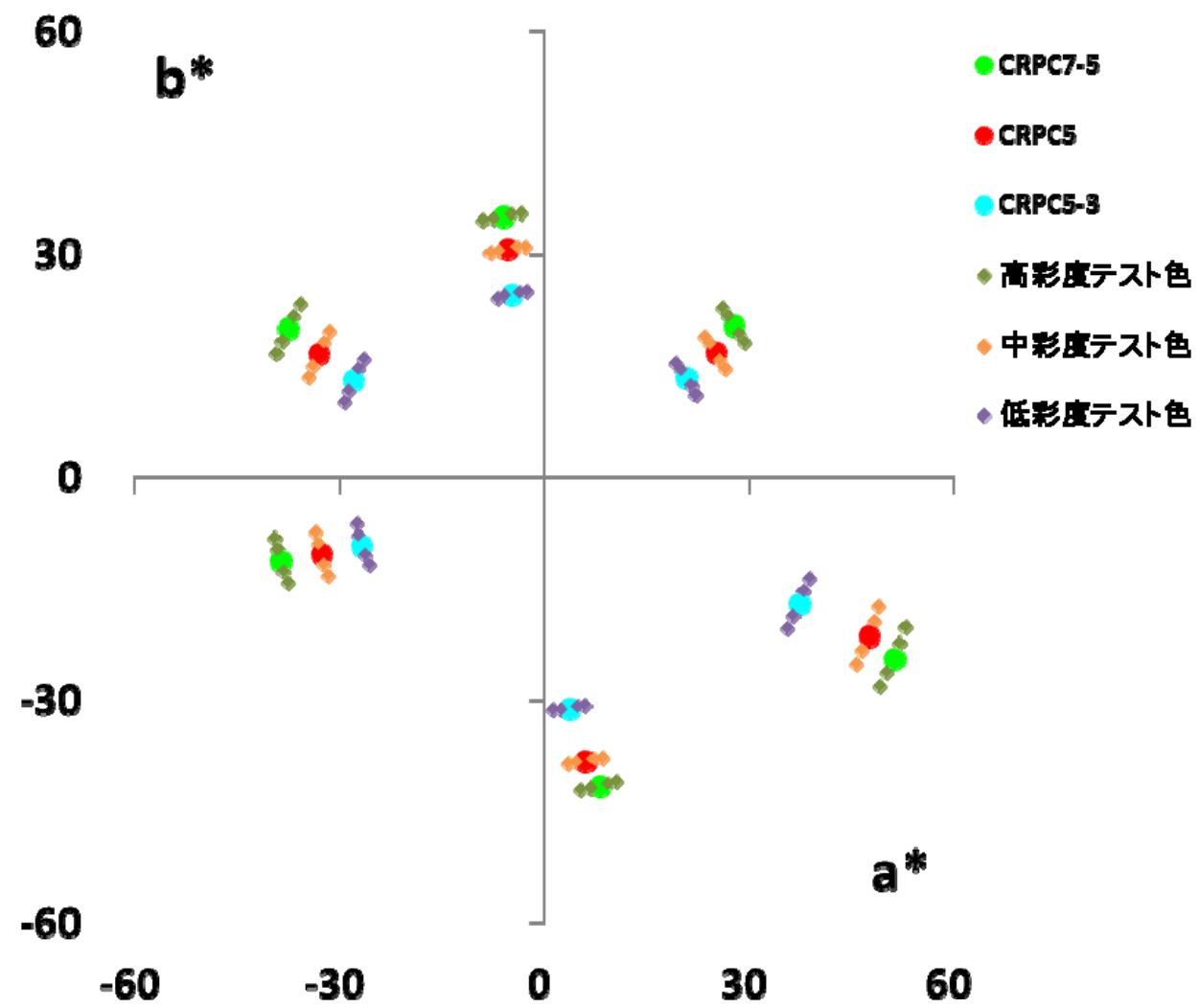


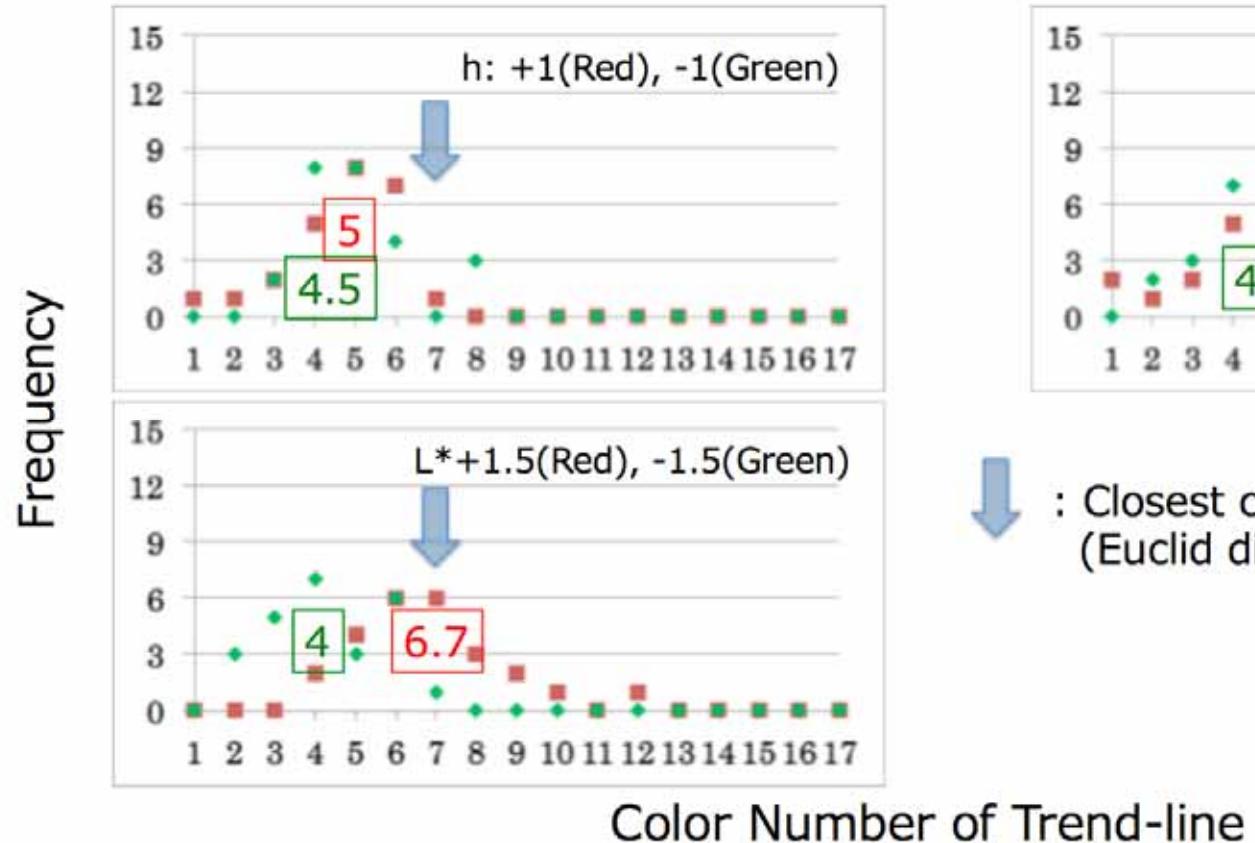
Evaluation of the color (1)



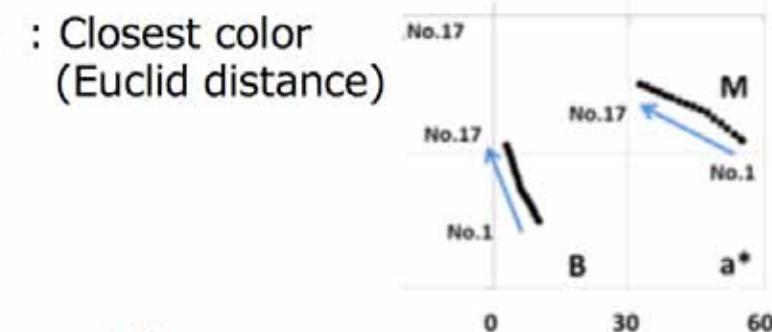
Stimulus configuration

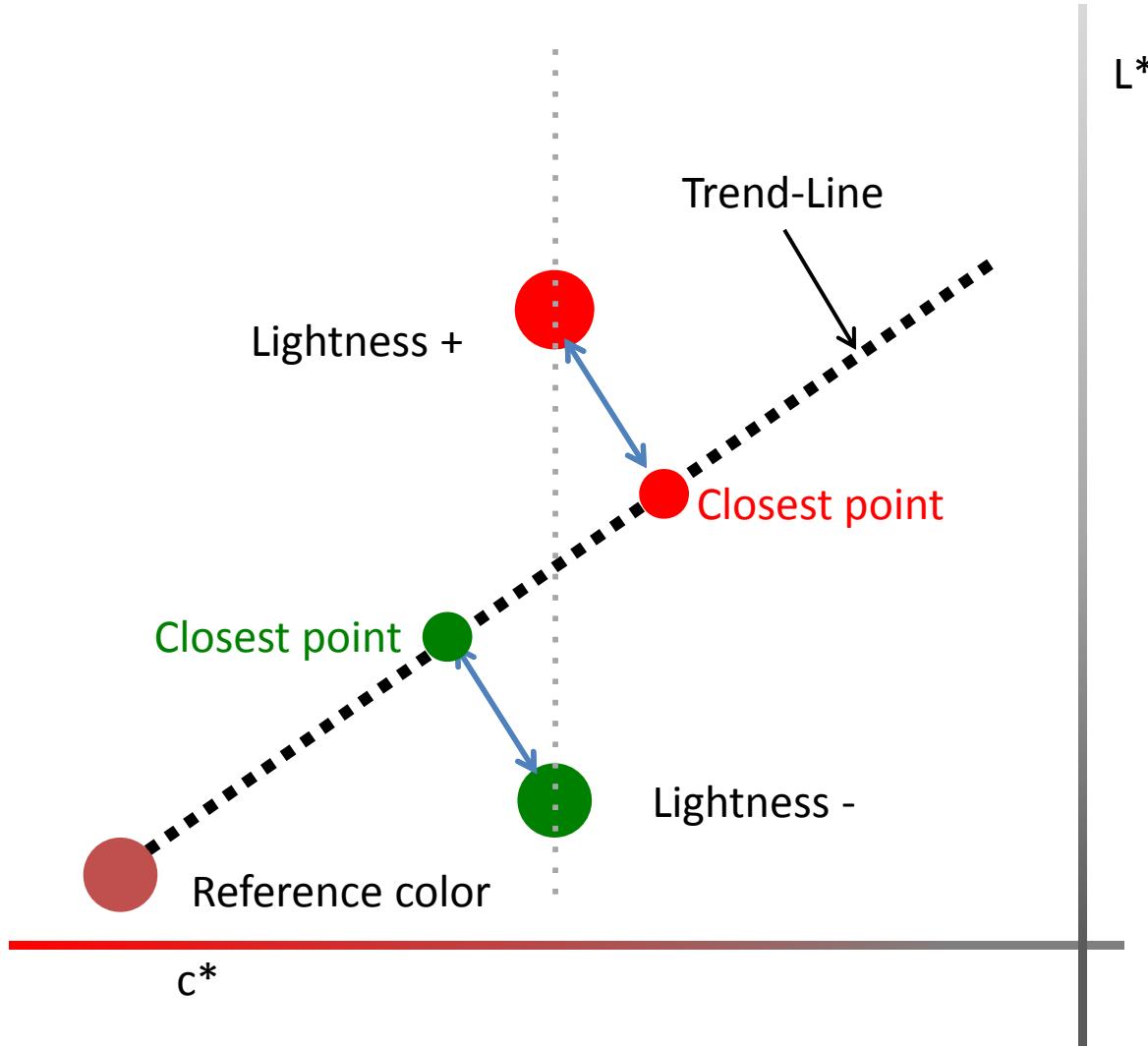






: Closest color
(Euclid distance)





Summary

- Consistent color appearance is well described on the trend-line.
- The intervening color is not necessarily the minimum distance point on the trend-line.
- We might use this findings to evaluate the performance of the printers.
(We need to clarify whether the trend would be maintained with real images)
→ If so, we might propose a simple metric to predict the consistent color appearance.